

THE PROGRAM OF THE WIRED STORE ON DASK

J. Jensen, P. Mondrup, P. Naur

Contents

Introduction
Instructions and references
The annotation of the wired program
The programs in the wired store

Regnecentralen, Borups Alle 45, Copenhagen N.

Introduction.

The present report contains the complete set of programs wired into DASK. With a few exceptions these programs were designed to be used as subroutines for running DASK ALGOL programs. For an explanation of the conventions of the programs reference should therefore be made to A MANUAL OF THE DASK ALGOL LANGUAGE, 2nd edition. Indeed the section references of the present report all refer to the MANUAL. For further explanation reference may also be made to J. Jensen and P. Naur: An Implementation of ALGOL 60 Procedures, BIT vol. 1 no. 1 pag. 38 (1961), and J. Jensen, P. Mondrup, P. Naur: A Storage Allocation Scheme for ALGOL 60, BIT vol. 1 no. 2 pag. 89 (1961).

The programs in the wired store were written by J. Jensen and P. Mondrup. They were checked and debugged by P. Naur.

Instructions and references.

The instructions are written serially starting with the contents of the wired store and followed by the first 64 instructions of the core store which are used by the wired programs. Following the address of each instruction the addresses from which reference is made to this instruction, if any, are listed. The instructions themselves are given as two digits, the operation, followed by the address, and possibly by the index mark, B, C, or D. In references and within instructions addresses referring to the wired store itself are marked in front with the letter s. This mark, which can only occur in instructions within the wired programs, is represented in the machine by means of an extra bit in each wired instruction.

The annotation of the wired programs.

Entries. It is convenient to distinguish between three different kinds of entries into the wired program:

1. Algol entries. These are used by running ALGOL programs in a manner explained in section 11 of A Manual of the DASK ALGOL Language.
2. Special entries. A few non - ALGOL programs are available. These are explained below.
3. Internal routines. These are subroutines which will normally only be called from the wired store itself. A means for calling them from the core store is, however, provided among the special entries. (see the program at s713).

Notes to single instructions. In order to facilitate the study of the programs notes to some of the orders have been added, generally as follows:

Conditional jumps, operations 11, 51, 12, 52, 33, 53, 73. The condition for the jump to be effective is written as note.

Subroutine jump, operation 16. The name and effect of the subroutine is given.

Execute, operation 37. The form of the order being executed is written.

Store, operations 08, 28, 18, 58, 06, 26. The value stored in the core location is written.

However, deviations from these rules will be found in many places.

The programs of the wired store.

Special routine: primitive binary input from 8-hole tape. This routine will read information from the tape and place it in locations B, B + 1, B + 2, ... Each half-word will be loaded from three rows from the tape. The first of these must be of one of the forms

, xxx.xxx, or ,00xxx.xxx,

The half-word will be assembled from the combinations in the three rows as follows:

1st row: bits 0 - 5

2nd - : - 6 - 12

3rd - : - 13 - 19

Exit from the wired store to location D + 2 will take place when, immediately following the three rows of one word, a row having one of the forms -

,0 xxx.xxx, or , 0xxx.xxx,

is encountered.

Parity errors will cause exit to D + 1. A checksum of the input symbols is formed in location 1. Location 0 and IRC are used as working locations.

The program may be entered in three different ways:

1. B in IRB
17 4 (= 4A17)
Then D = IRD
2. B, an odd address in IRB
17 1 (= 1A17)
This makes D = IRB - 2 and sets two orders
B - 1 = D + 1: 30 2,D
B = D + 2: 17 1
3. 17 0
Sets B:= 3, then as 2.

Note that on entries 2 and 3 will ignore exit combinations occurring at the beginning of the tape and will stop on parity errors.

0	35 s	3-	
1	75 s	2046,B	
2	40 s	18-	
3	08	1,D	
4	68	1	
5	s 17 68	0	
6	55 s	21	
7	s 13 79 s	0-	
8	51	1,D	Wrong parity
9	0C s	13,C	
10	12	2,D	Exit combination
11	26	0-	
12	55 s	2041,C	
13	53 s	7-	Word not completed
14	28	0,B	
15	26	1-	
16	35 s	1,B	
17	10 s	5-	
18	30	2,D	
19	17	1	

20 s1179 patch in laes and laest
 43 12
 21 11 s1182 Number = 0
 22 10 s1214
 23 - 33 Not used at present
 34 74 4-
 35 37 1,D

22 4932 60 2 105
 24 36 45
 26 61 2 105
 26 60 2 939
 27-33 Not used

Central alarm administration. This is entered with previous IRD in location 4.

36 s 46_r s 48_r s 50_r s 52_r s 54_r s 56_r s 58_r s 60_r s 62_r
 s 64_r s 66_r s 68_r s 70_r s 72_r s 74_r s 76_r s 78_r s 80_r
 s 82
 08 8
 37 12 s 39- Overflow in AR
 38 75 s 1,D
 39 s 37 5C s 86 AR:= YR; YR:= 86
 40 28 5 YR
 41 1F 0 store cells 0 - 64
 42 1C s 14
 43 1D 0
 44 10 0
 45 74 4
 46 16 s 36
 47 74 4
 48 16 s 36
 49 74 4
 50 16 s 36
 51 74 4
 52 16 s 36
 53 74 4
 54 16 s 36
 55 74 4 reserved for start of ALGOL-translator
 56 16 s 36

Stack alarm.

57 s 732 block begin
 s 783 Simple stack control
 s 796 Complete stack control
 s 907 Array too big
 s 940 - - -
 74 4
 58 16 s 36

Overflow.

59 s 299 addition
 s 344 dividend = 0
 s 483 power or exp
 s 493 - - -
 s2004 ln, arg ≤ 0
 s2043 exp

		74	4	
60		16 s	36	
61	s 449			(-) \nmid (not integer)
	s 524			0 \nmid (-1)
	s 526			0 \nmid (≤ 0)
		74	4	
62		16 s	36	
63	s1794			sqrt(-)
		74	4	
64		16 s	36	
65	s 578			entier(>2 \nmid 19)
		74	4	
66		16 s	36	
67	s 178			element outside array
	s 180			- - -
	s 186			- - -
	s 214			- - -
	s 216			- - -
		74	4	
68		16 s	36	
69	s 991			upper bound < lower
		74	4	
70		16 s	36	
71	s1148			input syntax error
	s1149			- - -
	s1151			- - -
	s1154			- - -
	s1155			- - -
	s1159			- - -
	s1162			- - -
	s1173			- - -
	s1174			- - -
	s1238			- - -
		74	4	
72		16 s	36	
73	s1222			Input overflow
		74	4	
74		16 s	36	
75	s1243			Input of not used symbol
	s1268			Input parity wrong
		74	4	
76		16 s	36	
77	s1332			Wrong input check sum
	s1334			- - - -
		74	4	
78		16 s	36	
79	s 960			Drum array too big
		74	4	
80		16 s	36	
81	s 705			Wrong number of actual parameters
		74	4	
82		16 s	36	

Constants.

83		00 s 0
84	s1727-	0C s 0
85	s 413, s 645, s 854, s1498,D, s1638	0A s 0
86	s1498,D	00 s 9
87	s1498,D	00 s 99
88	s1498,D	00 s 999
89	s1442, s1665	00 s2047
90	s 616, s 661	17 s2047
91	s 826-	55 s2047
92	s1133,C, s1470	00 s1280
		10/16
93	s 274, s 429, s 476, s 501, s 605, s1135, s1230, s1457, s1528-	
94	s1133,C, s1464	66 s1638
		0.8
95		66 s1638-
96	s1118, s1477	4C s 204,B
		0.1 - epsilon
97		4C s1228,D
98	s1527, s1534	4C s 204,B
		0.1 + epsilon
99		4D s1228,D
100	s 487, s 824, s 829, s1177, s1785, s1787, s1904-	01 s 0
101	s 243, s 257, s 264, s 324, s 330, s 340, s 361, s 368, s 405, s 556, s 568, s 573, s 577, s 594, s 656, s1229, s1415, s1419, s1765, s1780, s1788, s1793, s1827, s1832, s1890, s1908, s1994, s2023	
102	s 371, s 856	6D s 0
103		02 s 0
104	s 238, s 458, s 516, s 624, s 745, s1029, s1057, s1075, s1175, s1340, s1942-	6D s 0
105	s 300, s 494, s 938, s1055, s1402, s1493, s1517, s1628, s1635, s1654, s1701, s1782, s1925	00 s 0,C
106	s 231, s 235, s 933-	00 s 1
107	s 159, s 650, s1015, s1046, s1065, s1205	00 s 64
108	s1136,C, s1279, s1282	38 s 0-
109		00 s2044,C
110	s1136,C	55 s 0
111	s 335, s 386, s 393, s 446, s 480, s 492, s1422, s1804, s1848, s1868, s1915, s2001	00 s 3
112	s1737-	00 s 0,B
113	s 348, s 421, s 454, s 472, s 498, s 503, s 892, s1110, s1112, s1146, s1157, s1484, s1521, s1543, s1808, s1852, s1901, s1921, s1940	1E s 0
114	s1150	00 s1024
		01 s 1

115	s 290 _r s 382 _r s 403 _r s 425 _r s 992 _r s1026 _r s1163 _r s1318 _r s1333 _r s1349 _r s1368 _r s1387 _r s1455 _r s1564 _r s1630 _r s1639 _r s1642 _r s1743 _r s1748 _r s1758 _r s1761 _r	01 s 0
116	s 222 _r	1D s 0
117	s 353 _r s1265 _r s1326 _r s1719 _r s1963 _r	7F s 0
118	s 283 _r s 312 _r	00 s 52 _r
119	s 587 _r s 589 _r s 873 _r	00 s 0 _r C
120	s 395 _r	14 s 0
121	s1623 _r	3B s 0
122	s 456 _r	00 s 512 _r
123	s1593 _r	05 s 0 _r
124	s1894 _r	11 s 0 _r B
125	s1594 _r	1B s 0
126	s1014 _r s1045 _r	38 s 1
127	s1641 _r	10 s 0
128	s1661 _r s1966 _r	00 s 11
129	s1714 _r s1729 _r	0B s 0
130	s2014 _r	59 s 0
131	s1734 _r	40 s 0
132	s2031 _r	5A s 0
133	s1316 _r	2C s 0
134	s1731 _r	2C s 0
135	s1747 _r	3F s 0
136	s 955 _r s1723 _r s1725 _r	1C s 0
137	s1716 _r	3D s 0
138	s 748 _r s 789 _r s1186 _r B	00 s 2
139	s 772 _r s 812 _r s1127 _r s1171 _r s1186 _r B s1223 _r s1380 _r	00 s 1
140	s 220 _r	1F s 0
141	s1199 _r	0D s 0
142		13 s 0
143	s 485 _r s2036 _r	00 s 69
144	s 398 _r s 581 _r s 583 _r	00 s 21
145	s1919 _r	00 s 31
146	s1221 _r	58 s 0

Exit from general expression as parameter of procedure statement or function designator (section 11.5.4.4.3).

```

147      55 s  0-
148      37      1,D  75 call address
149      10      1,D

```

Exit from subscripted variable as parameter of procedure statement or function designator (section 11.5.4.3.4). The location call address may contain 37 f (section 11.5.2) or 77 f (section 11.6.3.1.2).

```

150      55 s  0-
151      37      1,D  75 call address
152      08 2046,B Array identifier
153      60      0,D  77 or 37 f
154      29      41
155      21      41
156      11 s 596      77 f in OD
157      50 s 161

```

Assign to subscripted variable (section 11.6.3.3.3).

```

158 s 703 08      6      Value
159      61 s 107-  38
160      35 s      2,B
161 s 157 00 2046,B Array identifier

```

Fetch value of subscripted variable (section 11.5.3.3).

```

162      08      2      40/60/08/28 a0,C  55 a1 (section 11.7.2.3)
163      37      3      55 a1
164      69      3-
165      64      1,C
166      51 s 188-  Only drum subscripts
167      61      0,C
168      29      3-
169 s 174 2A      0,B  -
170      06      3-
171      55 s      1,C  | Sum core subscripts
172      35 s      2,B  |
173      64      1,C
174      11 s 169  - There are more core subscripts
175      0C s      1
176      51 s 185  There are drum subscripts
177      21      3
178      51 s 67   Element outside array
179 s 199
    s 203 64      3
180      51 s 67   Element outside array
181      37      3      55 (- a2 + Sum(c[q]xi[q]))
182      40      6      Value
183      37      2      40/60/08/28 a0,C

```



```

184      10      1,D
185 s 176 21      3
186      11 s 67-  Element outside array
187      37      2,C  55 k1
188 s 166 61      0,C
189      28      27-
190      64      1,C
191 s 196 2A      0,B  -
192      06      27-
193      55 s 1,C  | Sum drum subscripts
194      35 s 2,B  |
195      64      1,C
196      51 s 191  - There are more drum subscripts
197      26      27
198      63      27  Available track address - wanted track address
199      11 s 179  Drum subscript unchanged
200      74      42
201      16 s 204  Change core section of array
202      37      42  75 (cf. s 200)
203      10 s 179

```

Internal routine: Exchange core section of drum array.

```

204 s 201      Subscripted variable
    s1089      Læs
           74      41
205      16 s 220- Transfer core section to drum
206      60      3,C
207      78      11-
208      60      2,C
209      78      10
210      61      27-
211      26      1,C
212      0D s 9
213      21      10
214      51 s 67  Element outside array
215      21      11
216      11 s 67  Element outside array
217      16 s 222 Transfer drum section to cores
218      37      41- 75 (cf. s 204)
219      10 s 1,D

```

Internal routine: Transfer core section to drum

Input: 1,c: 1C track address
 2,c: SS first address
 3,c: SS last address

```

220 s 205      Arrays
           60 s 140
221      10 s 223

```

Internal routine. Transfer drum section to cores. Input as above.

```

222  s 217          Arrays
      s 776          Blocks
           60 s 116
223  s 221 28 10- 1F or 1D
224           60 2,C
225           29 10- 1F or 1D first address
226           60 1,C
227           28 11 1C track address
228  s 236
      s 241 37 11 1C track address
229           37 10 1F or 1D
230           66 11 1C track address + 2xn
231           60 s 106
232           26 10- Add 64
233           21 3,C
234           11 s 1,D Transfer is finished
235           24 s 106
236           51 s 228 Transfer another complete track
237           4F s 29
238           6A s 104
239           0C s 29
240           26 10 1F or 1D overlapping core address
241           10 s 228

```

0 - v (section 11.5.7.3.1).

```

242           35 s2046,B
243           00 s 101-
244  s 253 18 0,B Mantissa
245           01 0,B
246           01 0,B
247           12 s 250- Mantissa = -1
248  s 251 08 0,B - Mantissa
249           10 s 597
250  s 247 01 s2046
251           10 s 248

```

0 - a (sections 11.5.5.2.2, 11.5.5.2.3, 11.5.7.3.3).

```

252           40 0,B
253           10 s 244

```

s + a (section 11.5.7.3.5).

```

254           35 s 2,B
255           40 2046,B
256           10 s 269

```

a + v (section 11.5.7.3.4).

```

257           4          for real
           00 s 101
258           10 s 269
259  s 268 01 s2046
260           10 s 269

```

s - a (section 11.5.7.3.5).

```

261      35 s 2rB
262      40 2046rB
263      10 s 265

```

a - v (section 11.5.7.3.4).

```

264      8          for real
          00 s 101-
265 s 263 18 2046rB Mantissa
266      01 2046rB
267      01 2046rB
268      12 s 259 Mantissa = -1
269 s 256
      s 258
      s 260 18 2046rB x1
270      58 13- 128 - x2
271      40 0rB
272      18 0rB y1
273      58 15 128 - y2
274      64 s 93
275      61 15
276      26 13
277      51 s 305- x2 > y2
278      43 0rB
279      11 s 319 y1 = 0
280      60 13
281      00 s 8
282      29 45
283      21 s 118
284      11 s 302- y2 >> x2
285      40 2046rB
286      37 45- 4D (y2 - x2)
287      00 0rB
288 s 317
      s 360 52 s 292- No overflow
289      18 0rB
290      61 s 115
291      10 s 298
292 s 288 4E 13-
293      18 0rB
294      43 0rB
295      11 s 324 z1 = 0
296      60 13
297      0D s 8
298 s 291
      s 447 26 15
299      51 s 59 abs(z) > 2128
300      21 s 105
301      11 s 324 abs(z) < 2128(-127)
302 s 284
      s 306 40 15-
303      06 0rB

```

304 10 1,D
 305 s 277 43 2046,B
 306 11 s 302 x1 = 0
 307 60 13
 308 26 15
 309 61 13
 310 0C s 8
 311 29 45
 312 21 s 118
 313 11 s 318- x2 >> y2
 314 40 0,B
 315 37 45- 4D (x2 - y2)
 316 00 2046,B
 317 10 s 288
 318 s 313 50 s 320
 319 s 279 40 13
 320 s 318 00 15-
 321 00 2046,B
 322 08 0,B
 323 10 1,D

Result:= 0.

324 s 295 addition
 s 301 addition
 s 495 power
 s 525 power
 s2042 exp
 40 s 101-
 325 08 0,B
 326 10 1,D

sxa (section 11.5.7.3.5).

327 35 s 2,B
 328 40 2046,B
 329 10 s 331

axv (section 11.5.7.3.4).

330 00 s 101
 331 s 329
 s 376 x12
 18 2046,B
 332 58 15-
 333 44 2046,B
 334 60 15
 335 21 s 111
 336 10 s 354

s/a (section 11.5.7.3.5).

337 35 s 2,B
 338 40 2046,B
 339 10 s 341

a/v (section 11.5.7.3.4).

→ 340 00 s 101-
 341 s 339 18 2046,B
 342 58 15-
 343 43 2046,B
 344 11 s 59-
 345 40 2046,B
 346 0E 17-
 347 08 2046,B
 348 60 s 113-
 349 0B 2046,B
 350 61 17
 351 0D s 8
 352 21 15
 353 20 s 117
 → 354 s 336 28 15-
 355 40 0,B
 356 18 0,B
 357 01 0,B
 358 06 15-
 359 4A 0,B
 360 10 s 288

Dividend = 0 - hop ud på divider = 0

normaliser kaldet divider

AR = 0.5

norm = 0.5 / 1024 = 0.00048828125

a > v (section 11.5.7.3.6).

361 5 for real
 41 s 101

AR := stack[IRB] unconverted; IRB := IRB + 2 (call by 362 A 57, section 11.5.8.2).

362 00 0,B
 363 35 s 2,B
 364 10 1,D

s/a (section 11.5.7.3.5).

365 35 s 2,B
 366 40 2046,B
 367 10 s 369

a/v (section 11.5.7.3.4).

368 00 s 101-
 369 s 367 18 2046,B
 370 58 15
 371 01 s 102
 372 08 10
 373 43 10
 374 51 s 377-
 375 40 0,B
 376 10 s 331-
 377 s 374 40 0,B
 378 58 13

exponent $\neq 2$ (as integer)

```

379      01      13
380      OE      17
381      11 s 383      y1  $\neq$  -1
382      00 s 115      Avoid y1 = -1
383 s 381 08      0,B
384      60      17
385      OD s      8
386      21 s 111
387      26      13
388      43      0,B
389      11 s 523      y = 0
390      43 2046,B
391      11 s 487      y  $\neq$  0  $\wedge$  x = 0
392      61      15
393      20 s 111
394      51 s 448      abs(x) < 1, i.e. x is not integral
395      21 s 120
396      11 s 448      abs(x) > 219, i.e. not integral
397      0C s      8
398      22 s 144
399      29      23
400      40 2046,B
401      37      23      OC (cf. s 399)
402      51 s 448      x is not integral
403      01 s 115
404      11 s 448      x is not integral
405      61 s 101
406      20      15
407      0C s      8
408      29      45
409      40 2046,B
410      37      45      4D (cf. s 408)
411      08      10
412      62      10
413      21 s 85
414      51 s 419      x is integral  $\wedge$  abs(x)  $\leq$  9  $\wedge$  x  $\neq$  0
415      0C s 19
416      11 s 450      x is even  $\wedge$  abs(x) > 9  $\wedge$  x  $\neq$  0
417      40      0,B
418      10 s 450
419 s 414 60      10
420      11 s 428      x > 0
421      60 s 113      -
422      0B      0,B      |
423      07 s      0
424      08      0,B      | y := 1/y
425      61 s 115
426      21      13      |
427      28      13      -
428 s 420 62      10
429      24 s 93
430      0C s      8
431      29      39
432      37      39      55 abs(x)
433      2A      13
434      OD s      1

```

```

435      08      15
436      44      0,B
437      10 s 440
438 s 441 0A      0,B -
439      08      0,B | Multiplication cycle
440 s 437 55 s2047,C -
441      53 s 438
442      0E      17
443      18      0,B
444      60      17
445      0D s 8
446      20 s 111
447      10 s 298

```

x is not integral.

```

448 s 394
    s 396
    s 402
    s 404 40      0,B
449      51 s 61   y < 0
450 s 416
    s 418 29      12   log is calculated as in Lance: Num. Methods,
451      74      42   pag. 39, using, however only terms up to
452      75 s 477   r = 3. This gives max. error = 0.2610-9.
453      43      0,B
454 s2005      entry from ln.
    24 s 113
455      0A s 544
456      20 s 122
457      08      10
458      20 s 104
459      02      0,B
460      0B      10
461      07 s 0
462      08      10   w = (y - sqrt(0.5))/(y + sqrt(0.5))/(sqrt(2) - 1)1/2
463      0A      10
464      08      0,B w1/2
465      55 s 6
466      44 s 528,C
467 s 470 55 s2046,C
468      0A      0,B
469      04 s 528,C
470      53 s 467   Product sum not finished
471      0A      10
472      24 s 113
473      60      13
474      0D s 20
475      4E      17
476      24 s 93
477 s 452 10 s 1,D   Return to wired store, s 478 or s 2006
478      37      42   75 (cf. s 451)
479      60      15
480      21 s 111

```

481	OC s	8	
482	20	17	
483	51 s	59	Overflow in power or exp
484	29	45	
485	21 s	143	
486	51 s	490	$z \neq 1$

Result := 1.

487	s 391		Power
	s2037		exp
	40 s	100	
488	08	0, B	Result := 1
489	10	1, D	
490	s 486	4A 2046, B	
491	s2040		exp
	37	45	4D. ARMR := -argument $\times 2^{\wedge}(-39)$
492	00 s	111	
493	51 s	59	Overflow in power or exp
494	01 s	105	
495	11 s	324	Result = 0
496	58	15	Characteristic
497	07 s	0	-
498	25 s	113	
499	08	10	$2^{\wedge}x$ is calculated as exp
500	0A	10	
501	24 s	93	in Lance: Numerical Methods
502	0A s	536	
503	20 s	113	pag. 32 ff
504	08	0, B	
505	0A s	538	
506	04 s	540	
507	0A	10	
508	08	10	
509	06	0, B	
510	01	10	
511	05	10	
512	0A s	542	
513	0B	0, B	-
514	60	12	
515	11 s	518	Result ≥ 0
516	2A s	104	
517	10 s	519	
518	s 515	07 s	0
519	s 517	18	0, B Mantissa
520		40	15
521		06	0, B Final result of power or exp
522		10	1, D
523	s 389		$0^{\wedge}x$
	41	2046, B	
524	12 s	61	$x = -1$
525	51 s	324	$x > 0$
526	10 s	61	$x \leq 0$
527	13 s	0	

528 s 466,C log coefficients
 s 469,C
 - 0.495 054 671 002 A1
 530 - 0.004 857 703 444 A3
 532 - 0.000 085 724 849 A5
 534 - 0.000 001 900 516 A7
 536 s 502 2x coefficients
 + 0.024 016 585 21
 538 s 505
 + 0.001 385 511 01
 540 s 506
 + 0.173 286 794 9
 542 s 512 sqrt(0.5)
 + 0.707 106 781 18
 544 s 455 - (sqrt(2) - 1)/2
 s1939
 - 0.207 106 781 187

 ARi:= stacki[IRB] + round(AR); IRB:= IRB + 2 (section 11.5.7.4.1).

 546 55 s 602
 547 10 s 570

 ARi:= stacki[IRB] - round(AR); IRB:= IRB + 2 (section 11.5.7.4.1).

 548 55 s 601
 549 10 s 570

 ARi:= stacki[IRB]xround(AR); IRB:= IRB + 2 (section 11.5.7.4.1).

 550 55 s 606
 551 10 s 570

 IRB:= IRB - 2; stacki[IRB]:= round(AR) (sections 11.5.7.3.1,
 11.5.7.4.1).

 552 55 s 594
 553 10 s 570

 hel i ARi:= round(stack[IRB]); IRB:= IRB + 2 (section 11.5.7.4.1).

 554 40 0,B
 555 35 s 2,B
 556 01 s 101

 ARi:= round(AR) (sections 11.5.7.3.2, 11.5.7.4.1).

 557 55 s 604
 558 10 s 570

 ARi:= -round(AR) (sections 11.5.7.3.2, 11.5.7.4.1).

 559 55 s 562
 560 10 s 570

ARi:= -ARi (section 11.5.7.4.2).

```

561      28 2046,B
562 s 559 61 2046,B
563      10   1,D

```

Internal round-off ARi:= round(AR).

```

564 s 676      Procedure entry
      s 859      Array declaration
      s1753      trykml, skrvml, tryktom
          55 s   1,D
565      10 s 570

```

stacki[IRB]:= round(stack[IRB]) (sections 11.5.3.1, 11.5.7.4.1).

```

566      40   0,B
567      35 s  2,B
568      01 s 101

```

IRB:= IRB - 2; stack[IRB]:= index(AR) (section 11.5.3.1).

```

569      55 s 596

```

Central round-off program.

```

570 s 547
      s 549
      s 551
      s 553
      s 558
      s 560
      s 565
      s1777      entier
          08 2046,B
571      63 2047,B
572      11 s 591      Number has integer form already
573      40 s 101
574      06 2046,B      Number on stack packed form
575      58 13          128 - exponent
576      60 13
577      21 s 101
578      51 s 65          Overflow, exponent > 19
579      0C s 8
580      29 45          4D (19-exponent)
581      21 s 144
582      51 s 585        exponent > -2
583      60 s 144
584      29 45          21 shifts
585 s 582 40 2046,B
586      37 45          4D
587      00 s 119
588      73 s 590        Not entier
589      01 s 119        Remove round-off
590 s 588 08 2046,B
591 s 572 64 2046,B
592      73 s 0,C        Not entier
593      10 s 657

```

0 + v (sections 11.5.7.3.1, 11.5.7.4.2, 11.6.5.2).

594 s 552 00 s 101

IRB:= IRB - 2; stack[IRB]:= AR unconverted (sections 11.5.3.1, 11.5.8.2, 11.6.3.1.3.3).

595 08 2046,B

Internal stack control.

596 s 156 Subscripted variable as actual parameter

s 569 35 s2046,B

597 s 249 0 - v and 0 - a
37 29 55 (2048 - arrow),B

598 53 1,D IRB $\frac{1}{2}$ arrow

599 10 s 781

ARI:= stacki[IRB] - ARI; IRB:= IRB + 2 (section 11.5.7.4.2).

600 28 2046,B

601 s 548 61 2046,B

ARI:= stacki[IRB] + AR; IRB:= IRB + 2 (section 11.5.7.4.2).

602 s 546 24 0,B

603 35 s 2,B

604 s 557 10 1,D

ARI:= stacki[IRB]xARI; IRB:= IRB + 2 (section 11.5.7.4.2).

605 24 s 93

606 s 550 2A 0,B

607 0C s 19

608 35 s 2,B

609 10 1,D

Special entry: execute instruction in wired store.

610 37 s 0,C

611 10 1,D

Special entry: fetch word in wired store.

612 40 s 0,C

613 10 1,D

Internal routine: Take name of first parameter.

614 s1198 læs, læst
s1694 tryktekst

615 60 s 653
28 33 00 24

Internal routine: Take name or value of first parameter.

This important routine is used to find the name or value of the first or only actual parameter of procedure calls.

Input parameters:

Contents of location 33: name: 00 24

value: 10 27

IRC: address of actual parameter.

Output:

IRB:= IRB - 4

stack[IRB + 2] = 17 return address

stack[IRB + 3] = 55 (address of following actual parameter - 1)

If the parameter is called by name then the routine will produce the results given in the following table:

Actual parameter	Store[IRC]	Name in AR (pair of instructions)
Simple variable, real or string	40 r(,c)	40 r 08 r
Simple variable, boolean or integer	60 i(,c)	60 i 28 i
Array identifier	44 a(,c)	44 a 0C a
Switch or procedure identifier	16 p(,c)	16 p 17 81
Standard procedure identifier	17 p(,c)	17 p 17 81
Subscripted variable	s: 74 w 17 150 w: 75 (,c)	16 s 17 158
Compound expression	e: 74 w 17 147 w: 75 (,c)	16 s 17 81
Formal variable	37 f(,c)	The contents of location f (always one of the above combinations)

If the parameter is called by value the routine will return with the value in AR.

616 s 833	switch designator
s 858	array declaration
s1357	streng
s1374	trykkopi
s1406	tryk
s1752	trykml, tryktom
s1764	abs
s1775	entier

s1779		sign
s1792		sqrt
s1831		sin
s1889		cos
s1907		arctan
s1993		ln
s2021		exp
617	s 721	40 s 90 Special entry
618	35 s2044,B	
619	08 2,B	
620	75 s 1,D	
621	74 2,B	Return address
622	16 s 786	Stack control
623	s 712	Take name or value of following parameter
624	60 0,C	16/17/37/40/44/60/74 expr/74 subscr q(,c)
625	11 s 625	No C-index mark
626	20 s 104	
627	s 623 54 3,B	
628	28 27	
629	29 47	
630	21 47	
631	51 s 642	Operation \neq 74
632	61 s 654	
633	26 27	Operation 16
634	29 3,B	Address of following actual parameter -1
635	54 27	16 address of actual parameter
636	37 33	Name: 00 24, Value: 10 27
637	08 33	Set value: 10 27
638	37 3,B	55 (address of following actual parameter -1)
639	60 2047,C	
640	00 s 702	
641	11 s 651	Parameter represents subscripted variable
642	s 646 40 s 705	
643	10 s 651	
644	s 629	Operation \neq 74
645	37 33	Name: 00 24, Value: 10 27
646	08 33	Set value: 10 27
647	11 s 649	Operation 60, 44, 40
648	20 s 85	
649	51 s 640	Operation 16, 17
650	26 27	
651	10 27	
652	s 644 40 27	
653	01 s 107	
654	s 639	
	s 641 20 27	
	10 28	
	s 614	
	s 709	
	s 718 00 24	
	s 630 5E s 0	

Exit from standard functions.

```

655      21      exp
        s1773    abs
        s1790    sign
        s1826    sqrt
        s1829    sqrt
        s1838    sin
        s1870    sin, cos
        s1872    sin, cos
        s1965    arctan
        s1967    arctan
        s2016    ln
                40      0, B
656      01 s 101
657      s 593    Central round-off program
        s1371    streng
        s1762    trykml, tryktom
                35 s    4, B
658      37 2047, B 55 (address of following parameter - 1)
659      10 32    Return through the stack

```

Procedure entry (section 11.7.4.1)

Input parameters:

IRC = address of procedure call instruction (i.e. actual parameters are in IRC + 1, IRC + 2, etc.)

IRD - 1: if there are parameters 08 formal place

else 55, d

IRD + 1, IRD + 2, ...: value and type codes. During the action of procedure entry the stack is used as follows:

IRB := IRB - 6

stack[IRB] = 08 formal place to be filled

stack[IRB + 1] = 55 address of current value and type code

stack[IRB + 2] = 17 676 (value integer) else 677

stack[IRB + 3] = 55 (address of following parameter - 1)

stack[IRB + 4] = current value and type code

When the entry has been completed:

IRB := IRB + 2

```

660      35 s2042, B
661      40 s 90
662      08      2, B 17 - , 55 -
663      54      3, B 55 (address of actual parameter - 1)
664      08      1, B
665      55 s    0, D
666      16 s 786-  stack control
667      60 2047, C
668      11 s 671-  There are formal parameters
669      35 s    2, B
670      10 32
671      s 668 28    0, B 08 formal place

```

```

672 s 688 55 s 1,C
673      54      1,B Address of value and type code
674      60      0,C
675      10 s 680
676 s 684 16 s 564 AR:= round(AR)
677 s 694 37      0,B 08 formal place to be filled
678      66      0,B
679      60      4,B
680 s 675 0C s 2
681      28      4,B current value and type code
682      75 s 704
683      12 s 694 name v value real
684      55 s 676
685      51 s 695 value integer
686      37      1,B 55 address of current value and type code
687      20      4,B
688      51 s 672 There is another value and type code
689      74      2,B Exit:= alarm
690      16 s 706 Take next parameter, alarm if there are any
691 s 792 37 2045,B 55 (return address - 1)
692      35 s2046,B
693      10      32
694 s 683 55 s 677
695 s 685 54      2,B Address for exit when next parameter is found
696      11 s 706 name

```

Internal routine: Take value of following parameter.

```

697 s1410      tryk
        37      3,B 55 (address of following parameter - 1)
698      60      0,C
699      11 s 711 There are more parameters
700 s 708 35 s 4,B
701      10 s 1,D
702 s 638 69 s1897,D = - (17 150)
703      17 s 158
704 s 682 13 s 0
705 s 640 17 s 81

```

Internal routine: Take name of next parameter.

```

706 s 690
      s 696
      s1195      læs
      s1703      tryktekst
        37      3,B 55 (address of following parameter - 1)
707      60      0,C
708      51 s 700 No more parameters
709      60 s 653
710      28      33 Set name indication
711 s 699 55 s 1,C
712      10 s 622

```

Special routine: Enter internal routine from core store. This is used as follows:

17 713
17 n where n is the first address of the internal routine.

```

713      75 s  1,D
714      74   31
715      37   0,D
716 s 720 16   31
717      55 s  0

```

Special routine: Take name of first parameter, called from core store.

```

718      60 s 653
719      28   33

```

Special routine: Take value of first parameter, called from core store.

```

720      40 s 716
721      10 s 617

```

begin core block (section 11.6.1)

Structure of block-parameters in stack. Any entry into a block, whether core or drum block, or procedure body, will cause a transfer of the current values of certain of the universal block parameters (cf. section 11.8.1) to the stack and assignment of new values to these parameters. The necessary algorithms are given in Jensen, Mondrup, Naur: A Storage Allocation Scheme for ALGOL 60, BIT 1961, no. 2. In DASK the 7 parameters described in this article are packed into two full words in the stack as follows:

```

SR:      ssx2\(-11) + bax2\(-19)
SR + 1:  55 ud      or  55,d (order form)
SR + 2:  srx2\(-11) + tbx2\(-19)
SR + 3:  gx2\(-11) + fxx2\(-19)

```

The correspondence between this notation and that of the article in BIT is as follows:

BIT-notation		corresponds to	
stack[stack reference]			ss, i.e. the value of IRB in between statements
stack[stack reference + 1]	-	-	ba = current block number
stack[stack reference + 2]	-	-	memory[SR + 1], ud is return address
stack[stack reference + 3]	-	-	sr = previous stack reference
stack[stack reference + 4]	-	-	tb = available drum block in previous level
stack[stack reference + 5]	-	-	g = current limit in previous level
stack[stack reference + 6]	-	-	fk = last drum track used in previous level.


```

722      68      54 -
723      35 s2044,B
724      60 s 811
725      28      1,B 55 0,d

```

begin core procedure body (section 11.6.1).

```

726      55 s 0
727 s 761      drum block
    s 763      drum procedure block
      60      1,D
728      29      17 store limit
729      78      0,B block number
730      34      16
731      21      16
732      11 s 57 store limit  $\geq$  index
733      53 s 764 drum block
734      55 s 1,D
735 s 780 40 54
736      08      2,B available drum block, last drum track
737      40      48
738      09      2,B stack reference, current limit
739      60      17
740      21      49
741      51 s 748 store limit < current limit
742      26      49 store limit
743      20      29
744      11 s 748 arrow  $\geq$  current limit
745      60 s 104
746      21      49
747      29      29 2048 - store limit
748 s 741
    s 744 61 s 138
749      26      52 drum procedure depth - 2
750      68      54 available drum block
751      34      48 index
752      34      0,B
753      16 s 786 STACK CONTROL
754      10      32

```

begin drum block (section 11.6.1).

```

755      35 s2044,B
756      60 s 762
757      28      1,B 55 1
758      55 s 4,D
759      54      1,B
760      55 s 2
761      10 s 727

```

.....
begin drum procedure block (section 11.6.1).

```

762 s 756 55 s 1
763      10 s 727-
764 s 733 21 52,C
765      78 6 block number - (if procedure then available drum
                        procedure else available drum block)
766      26 52,C
767      63 6
768      51 s 773 block numbers do not match
769      60 17
770      20 29
771      11 s 778 arrow ≥ store limit
772      61 s 139-
773 s 768 29 51,C if procedure then drum procedure depth:= - 1
774      74 41- cf. s 777
775      55 s 1,D
776      16 s 222 TRANSFER DRUM SECTION TO CORES
777      37 41- 75 (cf. s 774)
778 s 771 37 3,D 55 first order
779      55 s 2047,C
780      10 s 735

```

Internal routine: STACK CONTROL AFTER index - 2 = arrow.

```

781 s 599 66 29 (2048 - arrow) + 2
782      20 49
783      51 s 57- arrow ≤ current store limit
784      40 0,B
785      10 1,D

```

Internal routine: STACK CONTROL AFTER ARBITRARY COUNT OF index.

```

786 s 621 Fetch name or value of parameter
    s 666 Procedure entry
    s 753 block begin
    s 980 array declaration
        34 16 index
787      60 16
788      20 29
789      21 s 138-
790      51 s 1,D index > arrow
791      61 16
792      21 s 691
793      29 29 2046 - index
794      20 49
795      11 s 1,D index > current store limit
796      10 s 57 STACK ALARM

```

end (section 11.6.2).

797	55 s	0	
798	08	6	value (cf. s 807)
799	37	48	35 stack reference
800	s 822		goto label
	40	2,B	
801	09	48	stack reference, current store limit
802	58	54	available drum block, last drum track
803	66	52	drum procedure depth + 2
804	51 s	806	drum procedure depth < 0
805	48	52	
806	s 804	53 s	816 goto
807	40	6	cf. s 798
808	37	1,B	55,d or 55 return - 1
809	35 s	4,B	
810	10	32	

go to label in AR (section 11.6.4.2.2).

811	s 724	55 s	0,D
812	21 s	139	
813	51	32	undefined switch designator
814	29	31	la - 1
815	78	6	block number
816	s 806	37	48 35 stack reference
817	60	0,B	
818	29	30	
819	21	6	
820	78	7	
821	63	7	
822	51 s	800	
823	10	30	

AR:= value of switch designator (section 11.7.3.2).

824	21 s	100	
825	51 s	846	Subscript \leq 0
826	00 s	91	
827	08	2044,B	Subscript, 55
828	54	2045,B	55 call address
829	s 845	61 s	100
830	26	2044,B	
831	11 s	837	Element not yet found
832	55 s	1,D	
833	16 s	616	Take value of first element
834	37	1,B	55 call address
835	35 s	4,B	
836	10	32	
837	s 831	75 s	1,D
838	60	0,D	
839	29	43	
840	29	47	
841	21	47	
842	51 s	844	Element is not an expression
843	37	43	75 (address of following element - 1)
844	s 842	60	0,D
845	11 s	829	Not last element
846	s 825	50	32

Array declaration (section 11.7.2.1).

```

847      55 s 0,D
848 s 855
      s 863 55 s 1,C
849      60 0,C
850      28 2046,B
851      78 2047,B
852 s 965 60 2047,B
853      35 s2046,B
854      21 s 85
855      51 s 848 operation < OA
856      21 s 102
857      51 s 864 OA ≤ operation ≤ OC (end of declaration)
858      16 s 616 Take value of first expression
859      16 s 564 AR:= round(AR)
860      35 s 4,B
861      37 2047,B 55 (address of previous parameter)
862      08 0,B
863      10 s 848
864 s 857 54 39
865      37 48 35 stack reference
866      60 s 904
867      28 2
868      60 2046,B
869      00 39
870      08 12 08 a,55
871 s 871 60 s 871
872      28 10 60
873      60 s 119
874      28 14 IRC2:= -1
875      28 11
876      34 10 a0:= SR
877      35 s2044,B
878      10 s 92
879 s 895
      s 912 60 s 1
880 s 973 37 13 55 IRC1
881      63 2047,B
882      51 s 900 Drum only
883 s 886 35 s2044,B
884      55 s 1,C
885      63 2047,B
886      11 s 883 Not last upper bound
887      60 6
888      0C s 9
889      11 s 902 real ∨ integer
890      60 13
891      28 11 IRC2:= IR1
892      61 s 113
893      08 14 tind:= -1/2; m:= 0
894      60 10
895      21 s 879
896      28 3,C FL2:= a0 - 1
897      55 s 4,C
898      34 30 IRB2:= IRB

```

```

899      10 s 922
900 s 882 16 s 903
901      55 s 2,C
902 s 889 16 s 982 Calculate coefficients and sum
903 s 900
      s 914 60 6
904 s 866 26 15 m:= m + n
905      61 6
906      26 10 a0:= a0 - n
907      51 s 57 a0 < 0, alarm
908      00 1159,D AR:= AR + (if drum only then IRC2 else IRC1)
909      20 7
910      37 12 08
911      66 12
912      20 s 879
913      21 13
914      51 s 903 More arrays with these bounds
915      37 s2047,D if drum only then 10 s 922 else 55 s 2,c
916      60 14
917      26 2047,C
918      60 11
919      51 s 922 Not drum
920      28 0,C
921 s 925 55 s 1,C
922 s 899
      s 919 54 12
923      60 12
924      0C s 11
925      51 s 921
926      35 s2046,B
927 s 878 60 0,B
928      0C s 19
929      11 s 935 start drum indices v real v end core array
930      12 s 966 integer
931      55 s 0
932      60 15
933      21 s 106
934      11 s 936 m ≥ 64
935 s 929 26 10
936 s 934 0C s 11
937      11 s 941 a0 is even
938      61 s 105
939      26 10
940      51 s 57 a0 < 0 alarm
941 s 937 53 s 965 Not finish drum
942      34 37
943      37 30 35 IRB2
944      37 11 55 IRC2
945      61 15
946      0D s 26 - c[q]:= entier(-m/64)
947      18 1,C
948      16 s 987 Calculate drum coefficients
949      60 6 AR:= - length of array
950      0D s 9
951      28 7
952      26 55 FK:= FK - length

```

```

953      28      2,C
954      0C s    9
955      20 s 136-
956      28      1,C 1C k4
957      37      2    1C k00
958      60      55
959      21      44
960      51 s    79    Drum track number too low, alarm
961      60      10-
962      29      2,C First address
963      61      7-
964      26      3,C k5x2(-20)
965 s 941 60 s 852
966 s 930 28      7- mod:= if real then -1 - 2(-14) else -1
967      40      0,B
968      20      12
969      29      13    IRC1:= a + 2xn
970      0C s    28
971      28      6    n:= type
972      0C s    8
973      11 s 880    Not finished
974      37      48    35 SR
975      60      10-
976      29      0,B ss:= a0
977      29      37
978      37      37    35 a0
979      37      39    55 exit - 1
980      16 s 786    STACK CONTROL
981      10      32    exit
982 s 902 34      37
983      37      13    55 IRC1
984      60      6
985      0D s    1-
986      28      1,C
987 s 948 54      2-
988      68      0,C
989 s1003 60      0,B
990      21      2,B
991      51 s    69    upper < lower
992      24 s 115-
993      2A      1,C
994      0C s    19-
995      28      2,C C[q - p - 1] := (u - 1 + 1)xC[q - p]
996      64      1,C
997      2A      2,B
998      0C s    20
999      37      2-    26 a1 Sum(C[i]xlower[i])
1000     35 s    4,B
1001     55 s    1,C
1002     63      1,B
1003     11 s 989-
1004     60      1,C
1005     20      1,C
1006     28      6
1007     37      37-    35 IRB1
1008     10 s    1,D

```

.....
for integer 1 (section 11.6.5.2).

1009 66 0,D
 1010 10 s1021

for integer 2.

1011 60 1,D
 1012 0C s 15
 1013 11 s1015 Not formal
 1014 60 s 126
 1015 s1013 21 s 107-
 1016 20 1,D
 1017 28 7- 37 formal + 1, or 28 i
 1018 37 1,D 37 formal, or 60 i
 1019 20 0,B
 1020 37 7- 37 formal + 1, or 28 i
 1021 s1010 55 s 1,D
 1022 37 1,D 37 formal, or 60 i
 1023 35 s 2,B
 1024 21 2047,B
 1025 51 s1029 i < c
 1026 21 s 115
 1027 51 32 i = c
 1028 50 s1030
 1029 s1025 60 s 104-
 1030 s1028 20 2046,B
 1031 51 32- i < c = b > 0
 1032 55 s 2,C
 1033 10 32

for real 1 (section 11.6.5.2).

1034 66 0,D
 1035 29 36 Set $\neq 0$

for real 2.

1036 55 s 1,D
 1037 37 36
 1038 69 36-
 1039 60 0,C
 1040 28 7
 1041 73 7 First entry
 1042 28 3
 1043 0C s 15
 1044 11 s1046 Operation 40
 1045 60 s 126
 1046 s1044 21 s 107-
 1047 20 0,C
 1048 28 6- 08 r
 1049 40 2,B
 1050 08 2046,B
 1051 35 2046,B
 1052 10 3
 1053 9 11 s1055 r \leq c

1054		50	s1058	
1055	s1053	01	s 105	
1056		51	s1059	r = 0
1057		60	s 104-	
1058	s1054	20	2,B	
1059	s1056	35	s 4,B	
1060		51	32-	Repeat statement
1061		55	s 2,C	
1062		10	32	Statement finished
1063		00	s 0	

Pass to array.

1064	s1210	37	2	
1065		21	s 107	
1066		08	2	
1067		37	3-	55 address of array coefficients
1068		60	1,C	
1069		51	s1080-	Only drum array
1070	s1072	55	s 1,C	
1071		60	1,C	
1072		11	s1070	Not yet C[0]
1073		0C	s 1	
1074		29	16	Number of half words
1075		20	s 104	
1076		51	s1098	Only core subscripts
1077		29	16-	
1078		37	2,C	55 address of drum coefficients
1079		10	s1082	
1080	s1069	68	16-	
1081	s1083	55	s 1,C	
1082	s1079	60	1,C	
1083		51	s1081	Not yet C[0] for drum
1084		0F	s 9-	
1085		21	2,C	
1086		0C	s 12	
1087		0F	s 23	
1088		18	27	Current track - start track
1089	s1191	16	s 204	Change core section
1090		61	11-	1C
1091		20	1,C	
1092		28	27-	Number of tracks per subscript
1093		60	2,C	
1094		20	3,C	
1095		0C	s 12	
1096		0F	s 3	
1097		21	11	AR:= last track - last track used + 2
1098	s1076	14	3	
1099		11	s1101	Only core v last drum section
1100	s1208	55	s 0	
1101	s1099	54	39	

The following program performs the conversion of the input symbols to binary form. An ALGOL description of this program, which, however, omits the mechanism for reading dittos (cf. sections 9.4.3.3, 9.4.3.5) is as follows:

```

integer S, B, C, exp 2, AR; comment B = 1 ved læsning af integer, B = 0
ved taldel, B = -1 ved exponent. C = 0 under læsning af heltalsdel,
positiv exponent og pos. integer. C = 2 efter komma og under negativ
integer og exponent;
real MR; boolean Fortegn er tilladt, Talslut er tilladt;
integer array tal[-1 : 1]; comment
tal[-1] = -exponent, tal[0] = -taldel ved real, tal[1] = -integer
værdi;
switch Q:= Q1, Q2, Q3;

indgang real læs: B:= 0; goto præludium;
indgang integer læs: B:= 1;
præludium: exp 2:= tal[-1]:= tal[0]:= tal[1]:= 0;
MR:= -0.5;
C:= 0; Fortegn er tilladt:= true;
Talslut er tilladt:= true;
næste symbol: S:= læst symbol;
if S = plus ∨ S = minus then goto fortegn;
if S = 10 then goto ti;
if S = . then goto decimal punkt;
if S = slutsymbol then goto slut;
goto ciffer;

ciffer: Fortegn er tilladt:= false; Talslut er tilladt:= true;
if tal[B] < -239/10 then goto E37;
tal[B]:= 10 × tal[B] - S; comment Udføres ved additioner;
if tal[B] > -239/10 then goto L1;
tal[B]:= tal[B]/2; exp 2:= exp 2 - 1;
L1: goto if B ≠ 0 ∨ C = 0 then næste symbol else Multiplicer;
E37: if C ≠ 0 then goto næste symbol;
Multiplicer: MR:= MR × (if C = 0 then 10/16 else 0.8);
exp 2:= exp 2 + (if C = 0 then -4 else 3);
comment MR normaliseres tillige;
goto if B ≠ 0 then E39 else næste symbol;

forteign: if -, Fortegn er tilladt then goto fejl;
if S = plus then goto E71;
if B ≠ 0 then goto E72;
MR:= 0.5; goto E71;

decimal punkt: if B ≠ 0 ∨ C ≠ 0 then goto fejl;
comment . efter 10 eller integer eller . ;
E72: C:= 2;
E71: Fortegn er tilladt:= false; Talslut er tilladt:= false;
goto næste symbol;
ti: if B ≠ 0 then goto fejl; comment 10 efter 10 eller integer;
if (-, Fortegn er tilladt) ∧ Talslut er tilladt then goto E74;
if C ≠ 0 then goto fejl; comment . uden cifre;
tal[0]:= -1; comment Ren exponent;
E74: B:= -1; C:= 0;

```

```

fortegn er tilladt:= true; Talslut er tilladt:= false;
goto næste symbol;

slut: if Talslut er tilladt  $\wedge$  (not Fortegn er tilladt) then
  begin AR:= 0; goto Q[B+2] end;
  if Talslut er tilladt then goto næste symbol;
  goto fejl; comment 10 eller . uden cifre;
E39: AR:= 1;
Q1: tal[-1]:= AR:= AR + tal[-1];
Q2: if AR  $\geq$  0 then goto talpakning;
Q3: if AR  $<$  0 then goto Multiplikation;
  AR:= if C = 0 then -tal [1] else tal[1];
  goto finis;
talpakning: AR:= MR  $\times$  tal[0];
  comment exp 2 indeholder 2-potens med omvendt fortegn;

finis:

```

The correspondence between the variables of the ALGOL description and the DASK machine program is as follows:

ALGOL	DASK
<u>integer</u> S	location 7
<u>integer</u> B	IRB
<u>integer</u> C	IRC
<u>integer</u> exp 2	location 10 (half cell)
<u>integer</u> AR	AR (unit in position 39)
<u>real</u> MR	MR
<u>boolean</u> Fortegn er tilladt	location 14, position 0, binary 1 for <u>true</u>
<u>boolean</u> Talslut er tilladt	location 14; positions 1, = 0 for <u>true</u>
<u>integer</u> tal[-1]	location 11 (half cell)
<u>integer</u> tal[0]	location 12 (full cell)
<u>integer</u> tal[1]	location 13 (half cell)

The control of ditto reading uses the remaining positions of location 14.

```

1102      60      2
1103      0C s 14
1104      0F s 11
1105      29      37
1106      37      37      35 (if integer then 1 else 0)
1107 s1189
      s1237 68      15      symbol
1108      48      10      p2:= p10:= x:= 0
1109      48      12
1110      65 s 113      MR:= - 1/2
1111 s1166 55 s 0
1112      21 s 113
1113 s1147
      s1153
      s1158 28      14
1114      10 s1262

```

Ciffer:

```

1115 s1249      48      7      Input symbol = 0
1116 s1250      69      14--  Input symbol = digit ≠ 0
1117      42      12,B
1118      01 s 96
1119      11 s1132-- tal[B] > - 239/10
1120      40      12,B
1121      0C s 3--
1122      00      12,B
1123      01      7--
1124      06      12,B tal[B] := 10×tal[B] - S
1125      52 s1129-- tal[B] > - 239/10
1126      08      12,B
1127      61 s 139
1128      26      10      exp 2 := exp 2 - 1
1129 s1125 33 s1262      B ≠ 0
1130      53 s1133      C ≠ 0
1131      10 s1262
1132 s1119 53 s1262      We are after .

```

Multiplier:

```

1133 s1130      ..
1134 s1180 0A s 92,C
1135      0E      17
1136      24 s 93-- MR := MRx(if C = 0 then 10/16 else 0.8)
1137      60 s 108,C
1138      20      17
1139      26      10      exp 2 := exp + (if C = 0 then -4 else 3)
1140      33 s1177      Final assembly
1141      10 s1262

```

Fortegn:

```

1141 s1244 60      14--
1142      11 s1149,B Previous symbol: digit, or sign, or .
1143      61      58
1144      11 s1157      sign = +
1145      33 s1156      Sign belongs to exponent or integer
1146      64 s 113
1147      -10 s1113
1148 s1142,B
1149      -10 s 71      More than one sign after 10
1150 s1142,B      Sign after .
1151      -53 s 71
1152      21 s 114
1153      51 s 71      Sign follows upon digit
1154      35 s 1
1155      10 s1113

```

decimal point.

1154	s1245	33 s 71	Ditto, or integer, or previous symbol	10
1155		53 s 71	Previous symbol .	
1156	s1145	55 s 2		
1157	s1144	60 s 113		
1158		10 s1113		

ti:

1159	s1246	33 s 71	Ditto, or integer, or previous symbol	10
1160		63 14		
1161		11 s1165	Digits have already appeared	
1162		53 s 71	Previous symbol .	
1163		41 s 115		
1164		08 12	tal[0]:= -1 (pure exponent)	
1165	s1161	35 s2047		
1166		50 s1111		

slut:

1167	s1247			
	s1251	63 14-		
1168		11 s1179,B	Digits have appeared	
1169		61 14		
1170		12 s1262	Only leading terminators have come	
1171		20 s 139-		
1172		-51 s1174,B		
1173	s1172,B			
		-10 s 71	Digits after ditto, 10 without digits	
1174	s1172,B		. without digits	
		-53 s 71		
1175	s1172,B			
		62 s 104		
1176		10 s1182		
1177	s1139	60 s 100		
1178		-26 11	tal[1]:= tal[1] + 1	
1179	s1168,B			
		11 s 20	tal[1] = 0	
1180		51 s1133-		
1181		37 s1240,C	61 13 (C = 0), 60 13 (C = 2)	
1182	s1176	s 21		
	s1225			
	s1231	37 3	last: 17 1238, otherwise 55 relative addresses	
1183		12 s1185	Ditto	
1184		37 2	08 address,C	
1185	s1183	37 37-	35 (if integer then 1 else 0)	
1186		60 s 138,B		
1187		26 3		
1188		21 16		
1189		51 s1107	Reading not finished	
1190		37 39	55 (if not last drum array section then 1 0 else 0)	
1191		53 s1089	Core section of drum array finished	
1192		37 30	35 index	
1193		55 s1199-		
1194		54 2,B		
1195		16 s 706	Take name of following parameter	
1196		10 32		

læs (section 11.5.4.1).

1197	55 s	1,D	
1198	16 s	614	Take name of first parameter
1199	s1193	00 s	141
1200	08	2	
1201	28	27	
1202	0C s	17	
1203	s1211		Entry from taking value of subscr. var.
	34	30	
1204	12 s	1209	Array or subscr. var. first time
1205	61 s	107	
1206	26	2	Store instruction 08 or 28 address
1207	68	16	
1208	10 s	1100	
1209	s1204	0C s	1
1210	12 s	1064	Array
1211	55 s	1203	Set return
1212	54	2,B	
1213	10	27	Fetch value of subscripted var.

Pack real input.

1214	s	22	4A	12	
1215			4E	17	
1216			08	6	Store full accuracy number
1217			18	14	
1218			60	10	
1219			20	17	
1220			0D s	8	
1221			20 s	146	
1222			51 s	73	$\text{abs}(\text{input}) > 3.4_{10}38$
1223			21 s	139	
1224			51 s	1226	$\text{abs}(\text{input}) > 2.9_{10}39$
1225			50 s	1182	
1226	s1224		78	11	
1227			40	14	
1228			00	11	
1229			01 s	101	
1230			20 s	93	Remove possible overflow
1231			10 s	1182	

læst (section 11.5.4.1).

1232			34	30	
1233			74	31	
1234			35 s	0	
1235			60 s	1241	
1236			28	3	
1237			10 s	1107	
1238	s1241		12 s	71	Ditto
1239			10	30	
1240	s1181		C		
			61	13	
1241	s1235		17 s	1238	
1242	s1181		C		
			60	13	

Input symbol sorter.

The jump from s1293 is made with IRD = table (input symbol), where the function table is defined through the table in s1294 to s1311. The contents of AR is given as follows:

Input procedure	AR
læs, læst	0
læsstreng	-1 with overflow
trykkopi, skrvkopi	-2 \downarrow (-11)

1243	s1293,D	
	10 s 75	Not used symbol (alarm)
1244	11 s1141	+ -
1245	11 s1154	.
1246	11 s1159	¹⁰
1247	11 s1167	Other signs
1248	12 s1353	
1249	11 s1115	0- -
1250	11 s1116	1, 2, ... 9
1251	11 s1167	letter
1252	12 s1343	
1253	12 s1262	SPACE _ STOP
1254	11 s1262	
1255	10 s1382	
1256	10 s1312	PUNCH OFF, TAPE FEED
1257	10 s1320	CLEAR CODE, SUM CODE, STOP CODE
1258	60 7	UPPER and LOWER CASE
1259	OC s 18	
1260	OF s 13	
1261	28 58	

Central input program.

Read, check, classify symbol. Universal input mechanisms (section 9.2).

This program uses one input parameter:

Location 15	
0	læs, læst
-1	læsstreng
2 \downarrow (-11)	trykkopi, skrvkopi

It will read one or more symbols from the input tape and if necessary perform the appropriate universal input mechanisms and skip blind symbols (section 9.3). It will return as follows: Current input case in location 58 (cf. section 11.8.2). Current input sum in location 57 (cf. section 11.8.2). Last symbol from tape in location 7. It will return to an address determined by the parameter in location 15 and the class of the last symbol read, as follows:

Loc. 15		Symbol	Return to
0	læs, læst	+ -	s1141
		.	s1154
		¹⁰	s1159
		0- -	s1115
		1, 2, ... 9	s1116
		<læs terminator> (Section 9.4.3.3)	s1167
-1	læsstreng	<læsstreng information>	s1343
		<læsstreng terminator>	s1353
2 \downarrow (-11)	trykkopi		s1382

On return IRB, IRC, and MR are unchanged.

1262	s1114		læs, læst, first digit
	s1129		læs, læst
	s1131		- -
	s1132		- -
	s1140		- -
	s1170		- -
	s1253		blind in læsstreng
	s1254		- - læs, læst
	s1266		ALL HOLES
	s1271		TAPE FEED, BLANK TAPE
	s1324		END CODE
	s1336		CLEAR CODE, SUM CODE
	s1342		læsstreng
	s1344		-
	s1352		-
	s1354		-
	s1393		trykkopi
	s1395		-
	s1400		-
		37 38	79
1263		08 7	symbol = $16 \times s1 + s2$
1264		11 s1272	correct parity
1265		01 s 117	
1266		51 s1262	Symbol = ALL HOLES
1267		61 7	
1268		51 s 75	Wrong parity \wedge symbol \neq blank tape
1269	s1314	41 7	
1270		06 57	Checksum (correction for TAPE FEED)
1271		10 s1262	
1272	s1264	06 57	Sum checksum
1273		60 7	
1274		0C s 4	
1275		29 59	s1
1276		21 59	
1277		0C s 3	
1278		51 s1282	$s2 \leq 1$
1279		20 s 108	
1280		11 s1283	$s2 \geq 10$
1281		50 s1282	
1282	s1278		
	s1281	21 s 108	
1283	s1280	00 58	
1284		0C s 2	
1285		09 22	
1286		37 22	75 symbol table address
1287		60 s1294,D	
1288		37 23	0C $4 \times s1$
1289		0F s 8	
1290		29 22	
1291		37 22	75 table (input symbol)
1292		61 15	
1293		10 s1243,D	

57 & 1327

Table for input symbol sorting.

Locations s1294 to s1311 give the complete table. The arguments are shown in the notes. Upper case corresponds to even address for the bit-word.

Thus, i.g. table (;) is found by using: upper case, s1 = 0, s2 = 5. This points to the first sedecimal character at s1310, so table (;) = 4.

1294	s1287,D	s1 =	0	1	2	3	4	s2
	B 000F0					LOWERCASE		10
1295	B 000F0					LOWERCASE		
1296	B A3840	STOPCODE		10	ø	:		11
1297	B A4820	STOPCODE		1	ø	.		
1298	B EE4F0	ENDCODE	CLEARCODE	PUNCHON	UPPERCASE			12
1299	B EE4F0	ENDCODE	CLEARCODE	PUNCHON	UPPERCASE			
1300	B 000E0					SUMCODE		13
1301	B 000E0					SUMCODE		
1302	B 44000		TAB					14
1303	B A4000	-	TAB					
1304	B OD0D0		PUNCHOFF			TAPEFEED		15
1305	B OD0D0		PUNCHOFF			TAPEFEED		
1306	B A4184	SPACE	^	+	Æ	CARRET		0
1307	B A6184	SPACE	0	-	æ	CARRET		
1308	B 44880	√	>	J	A			1
1309	B 74880	1	<	j	a			
1310	B 48880	<tegn>	<LETTER>	<LETTER>	<LETTER>			2-9
1311	B 78880	<digit>	<letter>	<letter>	<letter>			
1312	s1256		PUNCHOFF	or	TAPEFEED			
	60	7						
1313	OC s 14							
1314	s1319 51 s1269		symbol = TAPE FEED	√	symbol = PUNCH ON			
1315	s1317 37 38		79					
1316	01 s 133							
1317	51 s1315		symbol < PUNCH ON					
1318	01 s 115							
1319	10 s1314							
1320	s1257		END CODE,	CLEAR CODE,	SUM CODE			
	60	7						
1321	OC s 15							
1322	12 s1335		CLEAR CODE					
1323	51 s1325		SUM CODE					
1324	30 s1262							
1325	s1323 40 57							
1326	OB s 117							
1327	OC s 1							
1328	58 7							
1329	37 38		79					
1330	OC s 21							
1331	21 7							
1332	51 s 77		Sum does not check					
1333	21 s 115							
1334	11 s 77		Sum does not check					
1335	s1322 68 57		Checksum := 0					
1336	10 s1262							

læsstreng (section 11.5.4.1).

1337	74	31	
1338	55 s	40	
1339	48	50	streng:= 0
1340	60 s	104	
1341	s1381	28	15
1342	10	s1262	
1343	s1252		Central input program
	53 s1345		Less than 6 symbols have been read
1344	10	s1262	
1345	s1343	55 s2040	C
1346	60	58	Case
1347	OF s	19	
1348	00	7	
1349	00 s	115	
1350	OC s	0	C
1351	06	50	Form string
1352	10	s1262	
1353	s1248		Central input program
	43	50	
1354	11	s1262	Only terminators have been read
1355	10	31	Exit

streng (section 11.5.4.1).

1356	55 s	1	D	
1357	16 s	616		Take value of parameter
1358	08	0	B	
1359	01	50		
1360	08	12		
1361	55 s2040			-
1362	s1367	55 s	8	C
1363	40	0	B	Find the number of non-zero
1364	OF s	0	C	characters in parameter
1365	58	11		
1366	63	11		
1367	11 s1362			- Symbol in streng = 0
1368	41 s	115		
1369	OC s	0	C	
1370	02	12		AR:= streng ()
1371	10 s	657		

skrvkopi (section 11.5.4.1).

1372	14	56
------	----	----

trykkopi (section 11.5.4.1).

1373	55 s	1	D	
1374	16 s	616		Take value of parameter
1375	OF s	12		
1376	08	0	B	Testsymbol 1
1377	OF s	12		
1378	58	1	B	Testsymbol 2
1379	16 s1608			Select medium

```

1380      60 s 139
1381      10 s1341
1382 s1255      Central input program
           60      7
1383      20      58 Case
1384      20      58-
1385      21      0,B Testsymbol 1 (internal form: section 11.4.8)
1386      11 s1394 Symbol ≠ Testsymbol 1
1387      20 s 115
1388      51 s1394- Symbol ≠ Testsymbol 1
1389      63      1,B
1390      11 s1761- Testsymbol 2 = 0, exit
1391      60      1,B
1392      08      0,B
1393      10 s1262
1394 s1386
       s1388 63      1,B
1395      51 s1262 Testsymbol 2 ≠ 0, skip
1396      61      58
1397      16 s1601 Set output case
1398      40      7
1399      16 s1595 Output one character
1400      10 s1262

```

tryk (section 11.5.4.1).

```

1401      50 s1403

```

skrv (section 11.5.4.1).

```

1402      61 s 105
1403 s1401 20 s1690-
1404      28 2045,B Medium: tryk = 55 1413, skrv = 55 1412
1405      55 s 1,D
1406      16 s 616- Take value of first parameter (layout)
1407      37      1,B
1408      54      2,B Prepare exit from take value of next parameter
1409      08      0,B Layout
1410 s1418
       s1680 16 s 697 Take value of next parameter
1411      10 s1743 Exit if no more parameters
1412      14      56 Medium:= skrv
1413 s1690 75 s 0 Set ALGOL return
1414      11 s1419 Value ≠ nonsense
1415      00 s 101
1416      51 s1420 Value ≠ nonsense
1417      34      56
1418      10 s1410 Skip printing (value = nonsense)
1419 s1414 00 s 101
1420 s1416 18      6 x1
1421      01      6
1422      01 s 111
1423      00 s 28
1424      29 34- x2
1425      40      0,B layout

```

Non-ALGOL entry. Number in 6 and 34. Layout in AR. Medium in 56.

```

1426      08      2
1427      74      31   IRD = if ALGOL then 0 else return
1428      34      30
1429      16 s1608   Select medium
1430      48      14   Clear location
1431      60      2    Layout bhdfs (section 11.4.7)
1432      OF s     8
1433      29      37   b
1434      09      35   f1f2 ns
1435      OC s     12
1436      OF s     8
1437      29      39   h
1438      OC s     12
1439      OF s     8
1440      09      40   d and clearing
1441      60      3    Layout pqrst (section 11.4.7)
1442      00 s     89
1443 s1666 OF s     16
1444      08      2    0 0 0 0 p q r s t 15
1445      60      35
1446      13 s     0
1447 s1660 OC s    133
1448      OF s    137
1449      29      42   s
1450      35 s1024   y2 := 0 (IRB = y2 + 1024)
1451      43      6
1452      11 s1525   x1 = 0

```

The program from s1453 - s1479 converts the number from the form
 $x = x_1 \times 2^k x_2$ (x_1 in 6, $-x_2$ in 34 adr)
 into the form
 $\text{abs}(x) = y_1 \times 10^k (y_2)$ (y_1 in 10, $y_2 + 1024$ in IRB) with $0.1 \leq y_1 < 1$.

```

1453      42      6    y1 := abs(x1)
1454      11 s1456   x  $\neq$  -1
1455      01 s     115
1456 s1454
      s1465
      s1471 OE      14   -
1457      24 s     93   | y1 := y1 x 2^k p
1458      60      14   | k := k + p
1459      26      34   -
1460      11 s1466   k  $\geq$  0
1461      20 s1474
1462      29      34-   k := k + 3
1463      35 s      1,B y2 := y2 + 1
1464      OA s     94   y1 := y1 x 0.8
1465      10 s1456
1466 s1460 21 s1474
1467      51 s1474   k < 4
1468      29      34-   k := k - 4
1469 s1479 35 s2047,B y2 := y2 - 1

```

```

1470      2A s 92      y1:= y1x10/16
1471      73 s1456
1472      0C s 1      y1:= y1x2
1473      10 s1476
1474      s1461
           s1466      ..
           s1467 07 s 3,B      ..
1475      37 34      OD k, y1:= y1x2 $\uparrow$ (-k)
1476      s1473
           s1535 08 10
1477      01 s 96
1478      75 s 0
1479      51 s1469      y1 < 0.1
1480      60 37
1481      29 43      75 b
1482      21 39      ..
1483      09 14      00 b - h - 1, 00
1484      61 s 113
1485      34 15      00 y2 + 1024
1486      26 15      00 y2
1487      21 37
1488      20 40
1489      29 34      OD y2 - b + d
1490      61 14
1491      20 40
1492      29 16      00 h + d - b + 1
1493      60 s 105
1494      2B 16      MR:= 1/(h + d - b + 1)
1495      2A 34      ..
1496      29 17      00 k, k = entier((y2 - b + d)/(h + d - b + 1))
                        The exponent to be printed is kx(h + d - b + 1)
1497      s1519 37 42..      75 s
1498      60 s 85,D      (10 $\uparrow$ s - 1)x2 $\uparrow$ (-11)
1499      29 34      10 $\uparrow$ s - 1 = s2 = the greatest exponent which may
                        be printed
1500      64 17
1501      2A 16
1502      0C s 11
1503      28 7      z2x2 $\uparrow$ (-11). z2 is the exponent to be printed
1504      s1513 20 34
1505      11 s1514      z2  $\geq$  -s2
1506      60 15      y2
1507      20 14      y2 + b - h - 1
1508      21 7
1509      29 43      b1 = y2 - z2 + b - h - 1
1510      51 s1525      There are no significant digits
1511      60 16
1512      26 7      z2:= z2 + h + d - b + 1
1513      10 s1504
1514      s1505 60 34
1515      21 7      ..
1516      11 s1520      z2 < s2, z2 < 10 $\uparrow$ s

```

```

1517      60 s 105
1518      26 42      s:= s + 1 (i.e. alarm printing)
1519      10 s1497
1520 s1516 37 43      75 b1
1521      64 s 113
1522      73 s1527      b1  $\neq$  0
1523      00 10
1524      12 s1533      y1 > 0.5
1525 s1452
1526      48 6      x = 0
1527      16 s1541
1528 s1522
1529 s1530 0A s 98      -
1530      24 s 93      | Form round-off constant
1531      75 s2047,D
1532      73 s1527      -
1533      04 10
1534      52 s1536      y1 + rounding < 1
1535 s1524 35 s 1,B      -
1536      40 s 98      | Overflow from round-off,
1537      10 s1476      - repeat analysis
1538 s1532 60 7
1539      21 15
1540      20 39
1541      29 37      fb = z2 - y2 + h = number of initial spaces
1542      37 37      35 fb
1543 s1526 60 35
1544      11 s1558      f = 0  $\vee$  f = 1
1545      20 s 113
1546      73 s1556      x = 0
1547      51 s1558      f = 2
1548      0C s 11
1549      52 s1551      Not exponent
1550      16 s1601      Output upper case
1551      16 s1594      - 10
1552      69 35
1553 s1547 60 6
1554      16 s1601      Output case
1555      16 s1593      - sign
1556      68 6      sign:= +
1557      10 s1558      -
1558 s1544 28 35      f1, f2:= 0
1559      16 s1595      Output space
1560 s1542
1561 s1545 1555
1562      37 39      55 h
1563 s1566 53 s1571      There are characters before point
1564      10 s1584
1565 s1580 16 s1595      Output space
1566 s1576
1567 s1577 35 s2047,B
1568 s1570 16 s1595      Output space

```

```

1564      61 s 115
1565      26   2
1566      11 s1559  Digit group is not finished
1567      40   3  -
1568      0C s  4  |
1569      08   2    Take next digit group
1570      50 s1563.- -
1571 s1559 55 s2047,C
1572      60   35
1573      0C s  4
1574      33 s1576  There are characters before first significant
1575      10 s1578
1576 s1574 53 s1562  Characters before point > 1
1577      11 s1562  n = 0
1578 s1575 0C s  7
1579      52 s1583  Do not print 10 now
1580      33 s1561  Exponent = 0
1581      16 s1601  Output upper case
1582      16 s1594.- Output 10
1583 s1579 55 s  1,C
1584 s1560 60   6
1585      51 s1591  Number < 0
1586      60   35
1587      0C s  1
1588      52 s1645  f = 0 ∨ f = 3
1589      11 s1644  f = 1
1590 s1590 60 s1590
1591 s1585 16 s1601  Output sign
1592      75 s1644
1593 s1553 40 s 123
1594 s1549
      s1582 00 s 125

```

Output one character, form check sum (section 11.8.3).

```

1595 s1399      trykkopi
      s1557      tryk
      s1561      -
      s1563      -
      s1607      -
      s1624      case
      s1644
      s1667
      s1708
      s1715
      s1717
      s1720
      s1742
      s1760 37   61  Output instruction 7A or 5A
1596 s1599      Entry from special entry
      06   63.-
1597      50 s  1,D

```

Special entry: return to wired store after exit through replacing output instruction in location 61 by a jump.

```
1598      37    22    75 return
1599      10 s1596
```

Set output case = lower

```
1600 s1600
      s1622
      s1633 61 s1600
```

Set output case (section 11.8.3)

Input parameter in AR:

AR \geq 0: upper case

AR < 0: lower case

```
1601 s1397      trykkopi
      s1548      tryk
      s1552      -
      s1581      -
      s1591      -
      s1706      tryktekst
              37    62    No case: 13, upper: 11 20, lower 51 20
1602      11 s1605    New case = upper
1603      40 s1682
1604      10 s1606
1605 s1602 40 s1684
1606 s1604 28    62
1607      10 s1595
```

Output medium selector (section 11.8.3).

Input parameter: location 56.

= 0 for skrv

\neq 0 - tryk

Location 56 is set and reset only in positions 1 - 11. By placing suitable contents in positions 0 and 12 - 19 the medium may be forced (section 11.8.3).

```
1608 s1379      trykkopi, skrvkopi
      s1429      tryk
      s1693      tryktekst
      s1713      tryksum
      s1740      Small output procedures
      s1756      - - -
              61    56
1609      74    56    Medium parameter:= ( $\neq$  0)
1610      37    60    tryk: 51 20, skrv: 11 20
1611      11 s1614    skrv is wanted
```

1612	40	s1686	
1613	10	s1615	
1614	s1611	40	s1688
1615	s1613	08	60
1616	41	62	-
1617	06	18	
1618	06	62	Interchange case and sum
1619	01	18	
1620	08	18	-
1621	10	s	1,D
1622	s1626		
	s1629	16	s1600
			Output lower case
1623	40	s	121
1624	16	s1595	Output point
1625	10	s1668	
1626	s1650	33	s1622
1627	60	43	More characters before first significant
1628	21	s	105
1629	11	s1622	There are more significant digits
1630	s1646	61	s
1631	26	2	
1632	51	s1667	No more characters in digit group
1633	16	s1600	Output lower case
1634	33	s1672	More characters before first significant
1635	61	s	105
1636	26	43	
1637	51	s1674	No more significant digits
1638	4A	s	85
1639	s1673		AR:= next digit
	s1676	01	s
		11	s1642
1640			Digit \neq 0
1641		00	s
		127	
1642	s1640	00	s
		115	
1643	s1675	55	s2047,C
1644	s1589		
	s1592	16	s1595
			Output digit or zero
1645	s1588		
	s1671	37	41
			75
1646	53	s1630	More characters on this side of point
1647	73	s1651	After point
1648	66	41	
1649	37	40	55 number of digits after point
1650	53	s1626	There are digits after point
1651	s1647	60	42
			-
1652	29	37	b:= h:= s
1653	29	39	-
1654	21	s	105
1655	51	s1677	s = 0, exit

Prepare printing of exponent.

```

1656      49      40      d:= 0
1657      40      35
1658      0D s    16
1659      0C s    18
1660      00 s1447
1661      21 s 128
1662      09      34      s:= 0, f1:= f2, n:= 1, mark:= exponent
1663      60      7
1664      08      6
1665      60 s    89
1666      10 s1443
1667 s1632 16 s1595      Output space
1668 s1625 40      3      -
1669      0C s    4      | Next digit group
1670      08      2      |
1671      10 s1645-      -
1672 s1634 35 s2047,B
1673      50 s1639
1674 s1637 37      41      75 (if after point then ≠ 0 else 0)
1675      73 s1643      After point: print spaces
1676      50 s1639      Before - : - zeroes
1677 s1655 37      30      Restore IRB
1678      37      31      55 (if ALGOL then 0 else ≠ 0)
1679      53      32      Special exit
1680      10 s1410
1681      13 s    0
1682 s1603 51      20
1683      3A s    0
1684 s1605 11      20
1685      3C s    0
1686 s1612 51      20
1687      7A s    0
1688 s1614 11      20
1689      5A s    0
1690 s1403 55 s1413

```

skrvtekst (section 11.5.4.1).

```

1691 s1749 14      56

```

tryktekst (section 11.5.4.1).

```

1692      55 s    1,D
1693      16 s1608      Set medium
1694      16 s 614      Take name of first parameter
1695      28      27      40 (address of string)
1696 s1711 55 s2008-
1697 s1709 55 s    8,C
1698      37      27-      40 address of string
1699      0C s 32,C

```

1700	OF s	4	
1701	25 s	105	
1702	11 s1705		Not last symbol
1703	16 s	706	Take name of following parameter
1704	10 s1743		Exit if no more parameters
1705	s1702 OC s	4	
1706	16 s1601		Output case
1707	4C s	11	
1708	16 s1595		Output character
1709	53 s1697		More characters in word
1710	66	27	Address of string
1711	10 s1696		

tryksum (section 11.5.4.1).

1712	55 s	0,D	
1713	16 s1608		Set medium = tryk
1714	40 s	129	
1715	16 s1595		Output STOP
1716	40 s	137	
1717	16 s1595		Output SUM CODE
1718	40	63	
1719	OB s	117	
1720	16 s1595		Output sumcharacter
1721	68	63	
1722	10 s1743		

trykklar (section 11.5.4.1).

1723	61 s	136	
1724	28	63	sum:= - CLEAR CODE
1725	60 s	136	
1726	10 s1738		

trykende (section 11.5.4.1).

1727	60 s	84	
1728	10 s1738		

trykstop (section 11.5.4.1).

1729	60 s	129	
1730	10 s1738		

trykslut (section 11.5.4.1).

1731	60 s	134	
1732	10 s1738		

skrvvr (section 11.5.4.1).

1733	14	56	
------	----	----	--

trykvr (section 11.5.4.1).

1734	60 s	131	
1735	10 s1738		

skrvtab (section 11.5.4.1).

1736 14 56

tryktab (section 11.5.4.1).

1737 60 s 112
 1738 s1726 trykklar
 s1728 trykende
 s1730 trykstop
 s1732 trykslut
 s1735 trykvr
 55 s 0,D
 1739 28 7 symbol
 1740 16 s1608 Set medium
 1741 40 7
 1742 16 s1595 Output symbol

Exit from output procedures.

1743 s1411 tryk
 s1704 tryktekst
 s1722 tryksum
 41 s 115 AR:= nonsense
 1744 10 32

trykml (section 11.5.4.1).

1745 50 s1748

skrvml (section 11.5.4.1).

1746 50 s1749

tryktom (section 11.5.4.1).

1747 40 s 135
 1748 s1745 21 s 115
 1749 s1746 20 s1691
 1750 08 2044-B 13/14 56, symbol
 1751 55 s 1,D
 1752 16 s 616 Take value of parameter
 1753 16 s 564 ARi:= round(AR)
 1754 37 0-B Set medium parameter
 1755 28 0,B
 1756 16 s1608 Select medium
 1757 16 s1758 IRD:= 1757
 1758 s1757 61 s 115
 1759 06 0,B n, output symbol
 1760 11 s1595
 1761 s1390 41 s 115
 1762 10 s 657

abs (section 11.5.4.1).

```

1763      55 s 1,D
1764      16 s 616   Take value of parameter
1765      00 s 101
1766      11 s1772   x > 0
1767      18      0,B
1768      01      0,B
1769      01      0,B
1770      11 s1772   x  $\neq$   $-1 \times 2^{1/n}$ 
1771      01 s2046
1772 s1766
      s1770 08      0,B
1773      10 s 655

```

entier (section 11.5.4.1).

```

1774      55 s 1,D
1775      16 s 616   Take value of parameter
1776      75 s 0
1777      10 s 570

```

sign (section 11.5.4.1).

```

1778      55 s 1,D
1779      16 s 616   Take value of parameter
1780      00 s 101
1781      51 s1787   x < 0
1782      01 s 105
1783      11 s1785   x > 0
1784      50 s1788   x = 0
1785 s1783 60 s 100
1786      10 s1788
1787 s1781 61 s 100
1788 s1784
      s1786 00 s 101
1789      08      0,B
1790      10 s 655

```

sqrt (section 11.5.4.1).

```

1791      55 s 1,D
1792      16 s 616   Take value of parameter
1793      00 s 101
1794      51 s 63   x < 0, alarm
1795      18      0,B x1
1796      58 15   128 - x2
1797      43      0,B
1798      11 s1827   x = 0
1799      40      0,B
1800      0E 17
1801      08      0,B x $\times 2^{1/p}$ 
1802      40 17
1803      0D s 8

```

```

1804      00 s 111
1805      00 15
1806      4D s 1
1807      08 15      128 - y2 = entier(128 + (p - x2)/2)
1808      60 s 113
1809      08 10      y1:= 0.5
1810      4C s 29
1811      29 45-      2x((p - x2)/2 - entier((p - x2)/2) = s
1812      40 0,B
1813      37 45-      x1:= x1x2/(-s)
1814      08 0,B
1815 s1821 0D s 1      AR:= d/2
1816      06 10-      y1:= y1 + d/2
1817      40 0,B
1818      0B 10
1819      07 s 0
1820      01 10      d:= - (y1 - x1/y1)
1821      51 s1815      d < 0
1822      40 10-
1823      18 0,B
1824      40 15-
1825      06 0,B
1826      10 s 655      exit
1827 s1798      x = 0
1828      40 s 101-
1829      08 0,B
1829      10 s 655

```

sin (section 11.5.4.1).

```

1830      55 s 1,D
1831      16 s 616      Take value of parameter
1832      00 s 101-
1833      08 0,B      x1
1834      58 15      128 - x2
1835      05 15      MR:= x1
1836      61 15
1837      20 s1860
1838      51 s 655      x2 < -10, sin(x) = x, exit
1839      0C s 8
1840      29 46      x2 + 10
1841      4A s1886
1842      4D s 10
1843      37 46      4C (x2 + 10), AR:= 2xx/pi - entier(2xx/pi)

```

sin and cos are calculated by the same method as the one used in DASK - BIBLIOTEKSSEKVENENS TF 1. However, since only 9 decimals are required the polynomial has been cut down to 6 terms by the usual economisation process.

```

1844 s1903      cos
      18      0,B t:= 2y
1845      52 s1850- abs(y) < 0.5 (1st and 4th quadrant)
1846      41      0,B
1847      08      0,B t:= -2y - 2
1848      01 s 111
1849      12 s1871- t = 1
1850 s1845      44      0,B
1851      0A      0,B
1852      21 s 113
1853      08      10 w:= t2 - 0.5
1854      55 s 10-
1855      44 s1874,C
1856 s1859      55 s2046,C | Polynomial evaluation
1857      0A      10-
1858      04 s1874,C |
1859      53 s1856- -
1860 s1837      0A      0,B
1861      00      0,B
1862      0E      17-
1863      18      0,B
1864      43      0,B
1865      11 s1868 Result = 0
1866      40      17
1867      OD s 8
1868 s1865
      s2010      ln(x) = 0
      00 s 111-
1869      06      0,B
1870      10 s 655 Exit
1871 s1849
      s1905      cos
      08      0,B Result:= 0.999999999x210
1872      10 s 655 Exit
1873      13 s 0

```

Coefficients for sin and cos.

```

1874 s1855,C
      s1858,C
      + .267 162 131 344
1876      - .569 703 680 149
1878      + .072 906 209 920
1880      - .004 369 731 387
1882      + .000 151 656 333
1884      - .000 003 418 229
1886 s1841
      s1898
      + 636 619 772 367 2/pi

```

cos (section 11.5.4.1).

1888	55 s	1,D	
1889	16 s	616	Take value of parameter
1890	00 s	101	
1891	58	15	128 - x2
1892	05	15	
1893	61	15	
1894	20 s	124	
1895	51 s	1904	x2 < -17
1896	0C s	8	
1897	s	702,D	
	29	46	x2 + 17
1898	4A s	1886	
1899	4D s	18	
1900	37	46	4C x2 + 17
1901	20 s	113	
1902	0C s	1	
1903	10 s	1844	
1904	s1895	40 s	100
1905	10 s	1871	

arctan (section 11.5.4.1).

1906	55 s	1,D	
1907	16 s	616	Take value of parameter
1908	00 s	101	
1909	08	0,B	x1
1910	58	15	128 - x2
1911	01	15	
1912	0E	17	
1913	08	10	x1 := x1 x2 / p
1914	60	15	
1915	21 s	111	
1916	0C s	8	
1917	26	17	p := p - x2
1918	11 s	1966	abs(x) < 1
1919	20 s	145	
1920	51 s	1972	p < -31
1921	61 s	113	-
1922	0B	10	
1923	07 s	0	x := 1/x
1924	08	10	
1925	60 s	105	
1926	26	17	-
1927	41 s	1990	
1928	s1968	00 s	1988
1929	08	6	
1930	40	10	
1931	11 s	1933	x > 0
1932	75 s	0	
1933	s1931	62	17
1934	29	45	p
1935	43	10	
1936	37	45	4D p
1937	08	10	- abs(x)

arctan is calculated by the method given in Lance: Numerical Methods, pag. 41. -z is calculated as follows:

$N := (- (\sqrt{2} - 1)/2) \times (-x) + 0.5$

$T := N + 1 - (-x)$

$-z := T/N.$

1938	44	10	
1939	0A	s 544	
1940	20	s 113	
1941	08	0, B	N
1942	20	s 104	
1943	01	10	
1944	0B	0, B	
1945	07	s 0	
1946	08	10	z
1947	0A	10	
1948	08	0, B	$z \uparrow 2$
1949	55	s 10	
1950	44	s1976, C	-
1951	s1954	55 s2046, C	Polynomial calculation
1952	0A	0, B	
1953	04	s1976, C	
1954	53	s1951	-
1955	0A	10	
1956	06	6	
1957	73	s1959	positive
1958	41	6	
1959	s1957	0E	17
1960	18	0, B	
1961	40	17	
1962	0D	s 8	
1963	s1971	00 s 117	
1964	06	0, B	
1965	10	s 655	Exit
1966	s1918	21 s 128	
1967	11	s 655	$\text{abs}(x) < 2 \uparrow (-11)$, exit
1968	50	s1928	
1969	s1973	40 s1990	
1970	s1975	18	0, B
1971	50	s1963	
1972	s1920		$\text{abs}(x) > 2 \uparrow 30$
	40	10	
1973	11	s1969	$x > 0$
1974	41	s1990	
1975	10	s1970	

arctancoeff.

```

1976 s1950,C
      s1953,C
      + .207 106 780 491
1978 - .011 844 612 778
1980 + .001 219 146 913
1982 - .000 148 781 957
1984 + .000 018 803 703
1986 - .000 001 795 498
1988 s1928
      B 1921F B B5444 pi/16
1990 s1927
      s1969
      s1974
      B 6487E B D5111 pi/4

```

ln (section 11.8.4.1).

```

1992 55 s 1,D
1993 16 s 616 Take value of parameter
1994 00 s 101
1995 58 13 128 - x2
1996 01 13
1997 0E 17
1998 08 0,B x1x2/p
1999 40 17
2000 0D s 8
2001 01 s 111
2002 06 13 128 - x2 + p
2003 41 0,B
2004 11 s 59 argument ≤ 0
2005 16 s 454
2006 s 477 - log base 2(x) in AR and MR
2006 0A s2018
2007 0E 13
2008 s1696 18 0,B
2009 43 0,B
2010 11 s1868 Result = 0
2011 60 13
2012 20 17
2013 0D s 8
2014 20 s 130
2015 26 1,B
2016 10 s 655 Exit
2017 13 s 0
2018 s2006 B A746F B 00417 - log nat(2)

```

gald
sulgn Fröberg

exp (section 11.5.4.1).

```

2020      55 s 1,D
2021      16 s 616   Take value of parameter
2022      75 s 20
2023      00 s 101
2024      18      0,B x1
2025      58      15 128 - x2
2026      44      0,B
2027      4A s2044
2028      4E      17
2029      08      0,B - x1/(2*ln(2))
2030      60      15
2031      21 s 132
2032      0C s 8
2033      20      17
2034      51 s2041   x2 ≥ 39
2035      29      45
2036      21 s 143
2037      11 s 487   x2 ≤ 31
2038      68      12 sign:= plus
2039      40      0,B
2040      10 s 491
2041 s2034 40      0,B
2042      11 s 324   argument is large, negative
2043      10 s 59    - - - , positive, alarm
2044 s2027
          B A3AAE B26B52 1/(2*ln(2))
2046 s 250
          s 259
          s1771 00 s1024
2047      01 s 0

```

Locations in the core store used by the wired program.

```

0      00      0
1      00      0
2 s 162
  s 183
  s 867
  s 957
  s 987
  s 999
s1064
s1066
s1102
s1184
s1200
s1206
s1426
s1431
s1444
s1565
s1569
s1631
s1670

```

General working location

3	s 163			
	s 164			
	s 168			
	s 170			
	s 177			
	s 179			
	s 181			
	s 185			
	s1042			
	s1052			
	s1067			
	s1098			
	s1182			
	s1187			
	s1236			
	s1441			
	s1567			
	s1668			
			General working location	
4	s 34			
	s 45			
	s1052	17	257	Used as instruction by <u>for</u> real (entry from 3).
5	s 40	17	361	- - - - -
6	s 158			
	s 182			
	s 765			
	s 767			
	s 798			
	s 807			
	s 815			
	s 819			
	s 887			
	s 903			
	s 905			
	s 949			
	s 971			
	s 984			
	s1006			
	s1048			
	s1216			
	s1420			
	s1421			
	s1451			
	s1453			
	s1525			
	s1551			
	s1554			
	s1584			
	s1664			
	s1929			
	s1956			
	s1958			
			General working location	

7	s	820			
	s	821			
	s	909			
	s	951			
	s	963			
	s	966			
	s	1017			
	s	1020			
	s	1040			
	s	1041			
	s	1115			
	s	1123			
	s	1258			
	s	1263			
	s	1267			
	s	1269			
	s	1273			
	s	1312			
	s	1320			
	s	1328			
	s	1331			
	s	1348			
	s	1382			
	s	1398			
	s	1503			
	s	1508			
	s	1512			
	s	1515			
	s	1536			
	s	1663			
	s	1739			
	s	1741			
8	s	36	17	264	General working location
9			17	1053	Used as instruction by <u>for</u> real
10	s	209			- - - - -
	s	213			
	s	223			
	s	225			
	s	229			
	s	232			
	s	240			
	s	372			
	s	373			
	s	411			
	s	412			
	s	419			
	s	428			
	s	457			
	s	460			
	s	462			
	s	463			
	s	471			
	s	499			

s 500
s 507
s 508
s 510
s 511
s 872
s 876
s 894
s 906
s 935
s 939
s 961
s 975
s1108
s1128
s1138
s1218
s1476
s1523
s1531
s1809
s1816
s1818
s1820
s1822
s1853
s1857
s1913
s1922
s1924
s1930
s1935
s1937
s1938
s1943
s1946
s1947
s1955
s1972
11 s 207
s 215
s 227
s 228
s 230
s 875
s 891
s 918
s 944
s1090
s1097
s1178
s1226
s1228
s1365
s1366

General working location

General working location

12 s 450
s 514
s 870
s 910
s 911
s 922
s 923
s 968
s1109
s1117_rB
s1120_rB
s1122_rB
s1124_rB
s1126_rB
s1164
s1214
s1360
s1370
s2038

General working location

13 s 270
s 276
s 280
s 292
s 296
s 307
s 309
s 319
s 378
s 379
s 387
s 426
s 427
s 433
s 473
s 575
s 576
s 880
s 890
s 913
s 969
s 983
s1240
s1242
s1995
s1996
s2002
s2007
s2011

General working location

14 s 874
s 893
s 916
s1113
s1116
s1141
s1160
s1167
s1169
s1217
s1227
s1430
s1456
s1458
s1483
s1490
s1507
15 s 273
s 275
s 298
s 302
s 308
s 320
s 332
s 334
s 342
s 352
s 354
s 358
s 370
s 392
s 406
s 435
s 479
s 496
s 520
s 904
s 932
s 945
s1107
s1292
s1341
s1485
s1486
s1506
s1537
s1796
s1805
s1807
s1824
s1834
s1835
s1836
s1891

General working location

	s1892	
	s1893	
	s1910	
	s1911	
	s1914	
	s2025	
	s2030	General working location
16	s 730	
	s 731	
	s 786	
	s 787	
	s 791	
	s1074	
	s1077	
	s1080	
	s1188	
	s1207	
	s1492	
	s1494	
	s1501	
	s1511 00	1 Working location in pos. 1 - 11. Pos. 0 and 12 - 19 = 0
17	s 346	
	s 350	
	s 380	
	s 384	
	s 442	
	s 444	
	s 475	
	s 482	
	s 728	
	s 739	
	s 769	
	s1134	
	s1137	
	s1215	
	s1219	
	s1496	
	s1500	
	s1800	
	s1802	
	s1862	
	s1866	
	s1912	
	s1917	
	s1926	
	s1933	
	s1959	
	s1961	
	s1997	
	s1999	
	s2012	
	s2028	
	s2033 00	Working location in pos. 0 - 11. Pos. 12 - 19 = 0

18	s1617			
	s1619			
	s1620	13	0	Output case for medium not in use (section 11.8.3): no case: 13, upper: 11 20, lower: 51 20.
19		00	0	Output sum for medium not in use (section 11.8.3).
20	s1682			
	s1684			
	s1686			
	s1688	17	1,D	
21	s2022			Entry from s522 in case of exp
		17	655	
22	s1285			
	s1286			
	s1290			
	s1291			
	s1598	75	0	Working location in pos. 1 - 11. Pos. 0 = 0
23	s 399			
	s 401			
	s1288	0C	0	Working location in pos. 1 - 11. Pos. 0 = 0
24	s 653	2A	0	
25		10	27	Constant used for take value
26		16	0	Working location in pos. 1 - 11. Pos. 0 = 0
27	25			
	s 25			
	s 189			
	s 192			
	s 197			
	s 198			
	s 210			
	s 626			
	s 631			
	s 633			
	s 647			
	s 648			
	s 649			
	s 651			
	s1088			
	s1092			
	s1201			
	s1213			
	s1695			
	s1698			
	s1710	00	0~	General working location
28	s 652	10	2,B	Return via stack after take value
29	s 597			
	s 743			
	s 747			
	s 770			
	s 781			
	s 788			
	s 793	55	2046,B	55 (2048 - arrow),B (section 11.8.1)

```

30  s 818
    s 823
    s 898
    s 943
    s1192
    s1203
    s1232
    s1239
    s1428
    s1677 35      0      Working location in pos. 1 - 11. Pos. 0 = 0
31  s 714
    s 716
    s 814
    s1233
    s1337
    s1355
    s1427
    s1678 55      0      Working location in pos. 1 - 11. Pos. 0 = 0
32  s 659
    s 670
    s 693
    s 754
    s 810
    s 813
    s 836
    s 846
    s 981
    s1027
    s1031
    s1033
    s1060
    s1062
    s1196
    s1679
    s1744 10      1,C    Return jump
33  s 615
    s 634
    s 635
    s 642
    s 643
    s 710
    s 719 10      27      During take name: 00 24
34  s1424
    s1459
    s1462
    s1468
    s1475
    s1489
    s1495
    s1499
    s1504
    s1514
    s1662 OD      0      Working location in pos. 1 - 11. Pos. 0 = 0

```

```

35 s1434
   s1445
   s1541
   s1550
   s1556
   s1572
   s1586
   s1657 00    0    Working location in pos. 0 - 11
36 s1035      for real
   s1037
   s1038 75    0    Switch used by for real
37 s 942
   s 977
   s 978
   s 982
   s1007
   s1105
   s1106
   s1185
   s1433
   s1480
   s1487
   s1539
   s1540
   s1652 35    0    Working location in pos. 1 - 11. Pos. 0 = 0
38 s1262
   s1315
   s1329 79    0    The input instruction
39 s 431
   s 432
   s 864
   s 869
   s 979
   s1101
   s1190
   s1437
   s1482
   s1538
   s1558
   s1653 55    0    Working location in pos. 1 - 11. Pos. 0 = 0
40 s1440
   s1488
   s1491
   s1649
   s1656 55    0    Working location in pos. 1 - 11. Pos. 0 = 0
41 s 154
   s 155
   s 204
   s 218
   s 774
   s 777
   s1645
   s1648
   s1674 75    0    Working location in pos. 1 - 11. Pos. 0 = 0

```

```

42 s 200
   s 202
   s 451
   s 478
   s1449
   s1497
   s1518
   s1651 75    0    Working location in pos. 1 - 11. Pos. 0 = 0
43 s 839
   s 843
   s1481
   s1509
   s1520
   s1627
   s1636 75    0    Working location in pos. 0 - 11
44 s 959        2 $\sqrt{(-20)} \times$  (address of first free drum track)
                      (section 11.8.1)
45 s 282
   s 286
   s 311
   s 315
   s 408
   s 410
   s 484
   s 491
   s 580
   s 584
   s 586
   s1811
   s1813
   s1934
   s1936
   s2035 4D    0    Working location in pos. 1 - 11. Pos. 0 = 0
46 s1840
   s1843
   s1897
   s1900 4C    0    Working location in pos. 1 - 11. Pos. 0 = 0
47 s 627
   s 628
   s 840
   s 841 62    0    Working location in pos. 1 - 11. Pos. 0 = 0
48 s 737
   s 751
   s 799
   s 801
   s 816
   s 865
   s 974 35    35 SR (stack reference, section 11.8.1)
49 s 740
   s 742
   s 746
   s 782
   s 794 00    Current store limit (section 11.8.1)

```

50	s1339		
	s1351		
	s1353		
	s1359		Input string (section 11.8.2)
52	s 749-		
	s 773,C		
	s 803		
	s 805-00		$2\uparrow(-11)\times\text{drum procedure depth}$ (section 11.8.1)
53	s 764,C		
	s 766,C		$2\uparrow(-19)\times\text{drum procedure block number}$ (section 11.8.1)
54	s 722		
	s 735		
	s 750		
	s 764,C		
	s 766,C		$2\uparrow(-19)\times\text{drum block number}$ (section 11.8.1)
	s 802		
55	s 952		
	s 958		$2\uparrow(-20)\times\text{address of last drum track used}$
56	s1372		
	s1412		
	s1417		
	s1608		
	s1609		
	s1691		
	s1733		
	s1736 00	1	Medium changer parameter (section 11.8.3)
57	s1270		
	s1272		
	s1325		
	s1335		Input sum (section 11.8.2)
58	s1143		
	s1261		
	s1283		
	s1346		
	s1383		
	s1384		
	s1396		Input case: upper: 00, lower: 40 (section 11.8.2)
59	s1275		
	s1276 20	0	Working location in pos. 0 - 11
60	s1610		
	s1615		Current output medium: tryk: 51 20, skrv: 11 20 (section 11.8.3)
			Current output instruction: tryk: 7A, skrv: 5A
61	s1595		
62	s1601		
	s1606		
	s1616		
	s1618		Output case-for medium in-use (section 11.8.3): no case: 13, upper: 11 20, lower: 51 20
63	s1596		
	s1718		
	s1721		
	s1724		Output sum for medium in use

The following constants will be used by the running ALGOL program:

64	00	0	zero and <u>false</u>
65	6D	0
66	00	,C	<u>true</u>
67	01		
68	00	2	
69	00	64	
70	00	0	$2^{10}(-20) \times (\text{address of first track of identifier list (section 12)})$
71	00	11	